



THREATENING CALLS DE-ESCALATION & SECONDARY TRAUMA

the **PROBLEM**

In June 2021, department leaders identified **the need to address threatening calls**. The pandemic led to a historic spike in unemployment and a corresponding increase in call volume for the Division of Employment Security (DES) and the department as a whole.

The department saw a marked increase in callers threatening harm to themselves or others. While DES had an existing protocol, the increase in threatening calls highlighted a need for updated, uniform guidance for the entire department.



The team's goal was to reduce the harm of critical calls to both callers and staff.

the APPROACH

Through an internal survey and other research, the team found these keys to handling threatening calls:

- a zero tolerance policy
- updated protocols
- more rigorous training

have experienced

secondary trauma



MATT HANKINS Acting Deputy Director, DOLIR-DES

CONNIE JONES Benefit Program Supervisor, DOLIR-DES

AMANDA KREMER Health & Safety Manager, DOLIR-DLS

KATE LANGE Administrative Manager, DOLIR-DWC

SUSAN LIMB Benefit Program Specialist, DOLIR-DES

CHRISTINA RUSK Senior Human Rights Officer, DOLIR-HR

AMI WILSON Administrative Support Assistant, DOLIR-MCHR



the DATA

PROTOCOL

Staff and Supervisor Protocols: Instructions

Of staff frequently

handling calls:

explaining roles of staff and supervisors when receiving a threat.

Staff Checklist: A checklist to guide staff and allow them to gather key information about a threatening call. Incident Tracking: A department-wide record of all incidents, allowing the department to track frequency over time and to identify staff who may need support as a result of incidents.

TRAINING

have handled

threatening calls

An overall training to all staff addressing threats that would increase staff awareness of protocols and create a more alert, supportive environment. A more in-depth training for staff who handle outside calls at least 15% of the time. This training would help staff feel more confident, limit secondary trauma, and reduce risk to callers.

